Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0





C300U10-1





MATHEMATICS – Component 1 Non-Calculator Mathematics FOUNDATION TIER

THURSDAY, 2 NOVEMBER 2017

- MORNING

2 hours 15 minutes

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

The use of a calculator is not permitted in this examination. A ruler, protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the continuation page at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

Take π as 3·14.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded of the need for good English and orderly, clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's use only							
Question	Mark Awarded						
1.	7						
2.	7						
3.	5						
4.	4						
5.	5						
6.	5						
7.	4						
8.	10						
9.	6						
10.	4						
11.	3						
12.	7						
13.	7						
14.	5						
15.	4						
16.	4						
17.	5						
18.	2						
19.	4						
20.	5						
21.	5						
22.(a)	2						
22.(b)(c)	5						
23.	5						
Total	120						

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Formula list

Area and volume formulae

Where r is the radius of the sphere or cone, l is the slant height of a cone and h is the perpendicular height of a cone:

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Kinematics formulae

Where a is constant acceleration, u is initial velocity, v is final velocity, s is displacement from the position when t = 0 and t is time taken:

$$v = u + at$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

Fxaminer

1. (a) Work out $3 + 4 \times 5$.

BIDMAS

- = 3 + 20
 - = 23
- (b) Write down a fraction that is equivalent to $\frac{4}{36}$. = $\frac{2}{18}$ or $\frac{1}{9}$ or $\frac{8}{12}$ etc [1]
- (c) Write $\frac{11}{20}$ as a percentage.

[1]

- (*d*) Find $\frac{3}{7}$ of 14.

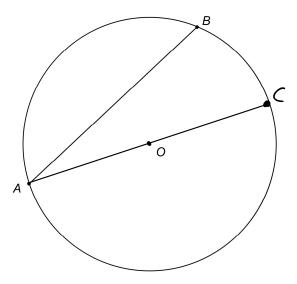
[2]

- 14 = 7 × 3 = 2 × 3 = 6
- (e) Work out $\frac{30 \times 0.5}{5}$. $30 \times 0.5 = half of 30$ [2]

Turn over.

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2. (a) Points A and B are on the circumference of the circle with centre O.



(i) Circle the name of the straight line AB.

[1]

radius chord circumference tangent arc

(ii) AC is a diameter of the circle.

Draw this diameter on the circle above.

Label the point C.

[2]

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(b) Calculate the size of each of the angles w, x and y.

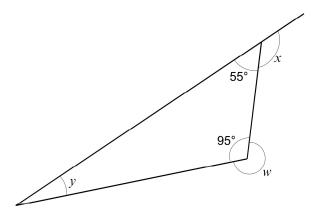


Diagram not drawn to scale

$$w = 360 - 95 = 265$$

$$w = 265$$
 °, $x = 125$ °, $y = 30$ °

C30(

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[3]

3. (a) Write the following numbers in order of size, starting with the smallest number.

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 0.08 76% = 0.76

0.08, 0.75, 0.76 or 0.08, 3/4, 76%

- (b) A packet of mixed wildflower seeds contains 200 seeds.
 - $\frac{1}{4}$ of the seeds are poppies.
 - 30% of the seeds are daisies.
 - · The rest of the seeds are cornflowers.

How many of the seeds are cornflowers?

 $\frac{1}{4}$ of $200 = 200 \div 4 = 50$ pagaies

10% of 200 = 20 30% of 200 = 60 dains

200 - (60+50) = 90 com/lowers

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- 4. Theo and Anya are buying food and drink for a picnic.
 - (a) Theo buys a salad and five identical packs of chicken sandwiches. The salad costs £3. Theo's total bill is £18.03.

Theo says,

'This bill must be wrong.'

Explain why Theo is correct.

[1]

18.03-3= £15.03 & This needs to be divided by 5, but 5 does not go exactly into it.

(b)

Cold drink deal.
Buy 1 cola
get
1 lemon fizz free.



Anya needs 4 bottles of cola and 5 cans of lemon fizz. A can of lemon fizz costs £1.05. She pays £9.45.

How much does a bottle of cola cost?

[3]

Buy 4 colas would get 4 cans free. So must have bought 1 individual can.

£2.10 for a bottle

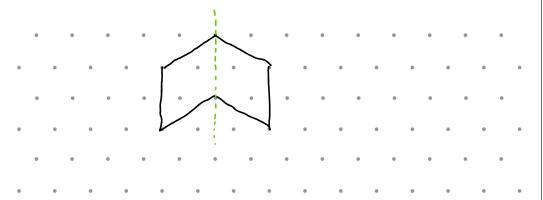
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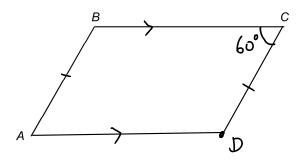
[2]

[2]

5. (a) Draw a hexagon that has exactly one line of symmetry on the grid below.



(b) The diagram accurately shows two lines AB and BC. These lines are part of a quadrilateral, ABCD. Point D is missing.



(i) Use this information to complete the quadrilateral *ABCD*: AD is parallel to BC, Angle $BCD = 60^{\circ}$, CD is the same length as AB.

(ii) Write down the name of the quadrilateral *ABCD*. [1]

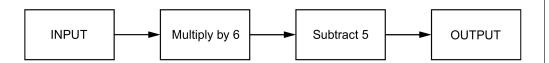
parallelogram

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[1]

[1]

6. Here is a number machine. (a)



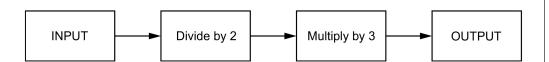
The input is 9. (i) What is the output?

(ii) The input is -2. What is the output?

[1] ×6

The output is 19. (iii) What is the input?

Here is a different number machine.



The input is always a positive whole number for this number machine.

Paul says,

'The output is a whole number.'

Explain clearly why Paul's statement is sometimes true but not always true. Use examples to explain your answer.

[2]



If input is 5 -> outper is 7.5

So true for even numbers, false for odd numbers

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7. (a) There are 4 rowers in a boat.
The mode and median of their shoe sizes are both 11.
The range of their shoe sizes is 4.
One of the rowers has size 13 shoes.

Mhat is the shoe size of each rower? [2]

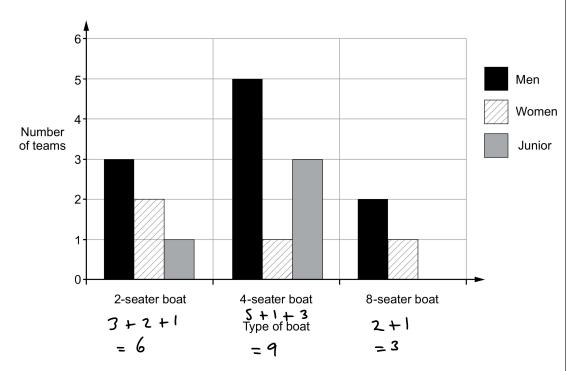
9 11 13

mode of 11 means it must repeat 11 11

median of 11 nears near middle _

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b) A rowing club uses a bar chart to record the number of teams of rowers they have for each type of boat.



(i) How many teams does the rowing club have in total?

[1]

(ii) Rona is a junior rower at the club.

What is the probability that Rona rows in a junior 8-seater boat?

[1]

C

Turn over.

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- 8. Mary owns a café.
 - (a) Mary's lunch menu is for two courses, a main course and a dessert.

Salad

Lunch Menu - 2 courses for £10

Main Courses Desserts Apple pie Toffee pudding Fish Curry Pizza

(i)		nany differe ust show a				als is i	t pos	sible to	orde	er for	lunch?		[2]
	_	A	•	C			12	Α		5	A		
	F	T		<u> </u>	+		P	T		S	T		
1	Number	of differen	nt two-c	ourse	meals	s 8	\$						
(ii)	Mary s	says,											
'If	a custo	omer has d l	a desse becaus	ert, tl e the	ne prob re are	oabilit 2 de:	ty th ssert	ey cho ts.'	ose o	apple	pie is	<u>1</u> 2	
	-	n why Mar	-										[1]
	This	doesn'	L 0	llo	מרך נה		pv	ronal	pr	efe	erle	bias	
	the	doesn'	pic	~	ay	`lo	sk'	mo	re`	арр	en lin-	, to	
		٠ ٥٥											
						9							

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(b) Mary also serves drinks.

Drinks Menu										
Hot drinks	Tea or Coffee	per cup	£2							
Cold drinks	Juice or Milkshake	per glass	£3							

One Friday lunchtime, 40% of her customers order a hot drink.

- (i) What proportion of her customers do **not** order a hot drink?
- (ii) On this Friday lunchtime, Mary has 120 customers. Each customer orders one drink.

How much money does Mary take from selling drinks?

[4]

[1]

60% of 120 = 72 cold drinks 72

3

96 + 216 / 312 fold

(c) Mary is thinking about selling smoothies for £1.75 per glass. The smoothie would cost Mary £1 per glass to make.

How many smoothies would Mary need to sell, to make £15 profit just from selling smoothies? [2]

1.75 - 1 = 0.75

150 + 7.5

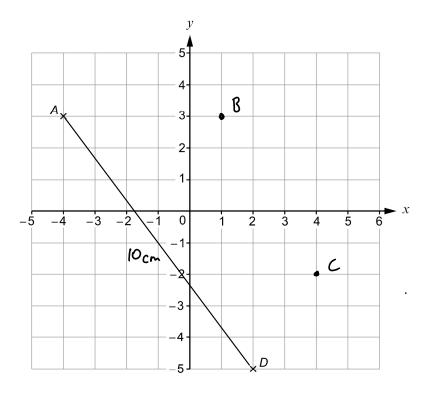
1500 - 75

20 smoothies

Turn over.

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9. Laura rides her bicycle along a course. She starts at point *A*, marked on the scale diagram below. The scale of the diagram is 1 cm represents 0·8 km.



(a) Write down the coordinates of point A. [1]

(b) Laura rides to point B at (1, 3), then to point C at (4, -2) and then to point D.Mark the positions of point B and point C on the grid. [2]

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Еха	m	in	е
0	nl	У	

[3]

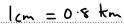
(c) Laura takes 20 minutes to ride from point *D* directly back to point *A*. Her target speed for this part of the journey is 24 km/h. The scale of the diagram is 1 cm represents 0.8 km.

Does Laura meet her target speed?

Yes		
-----	--	--

No

You must show all your working.





|--|

20 mins

= 8 km =

8 km = 24 km/

1/3 hr

yes

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ı	Examiner only
ı	Offity

[2]

10. (a) Work out $5^2 + \sqrt{49}$.

= 5×S + 7

= 25 +7

= 32

(b) By first rounding each number in the calculation to 1 significant figure, estimate the value of $\frac{42 \times 96}{11}$.

You must show all your working.

[2]

4000 (° 400

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11. (a) The pictogram represents the number of people using a breakfast club on certain weekdays.

Monday	***
Tuesday	***
Wednesday	***
Thursday	***
Friday	***

Key: stands for 4 people

Comment on the design of this pictogram. [1]

Poor choice of icon, looks like Tuesday and Thursday

have half icons, but split different ways so undeer.

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(b) The line graph shows the trend of the average monthly sales of a toy company in thousands of pounds.



(i) A deliberate error has been made when drawing this line graph.

Ex	olain wha	it error has bee	en made.			[1]
1	1	costical a	ر د: مارير	ot even	5 spaced.	
	<i>nc</i> (Jein Co. S	Cauc 13) sparezo.	
(ii) Co	mment o	n the impact of	f this error.	/		[1]
1h.	e dut	a appea	us linea	~ (sh	might line)	but
ic	achial	th n	ا حاما	nan - line	ecigly line) ur (curve	(بـ
		J 19				

12.	Archi	e owns a sm	all busin	ess.								
	(a)	He bought	pens and	d cards to	adver	tise his	busines	SS.				
		He wanted	the num	ber of per	ns to b	e as clo	se as p	ossik	ole to the	number o	of cards	3.
		Archie spent exactly £250. Each pen cost £3 and each card cost £1.										
		How many You must sl				ds coul	d Archie ص 6	hav 2	e bought	?		[3]
		3+1=	- 4			4	ጃ ኄ	0'	.20		6	2
												4
		Buy £ 248	62	pens	and	62	رماد	Ls	costing		24	8
		£ 248	Ś.	Can th	w	bug	2	mo	æ co	John.		
		•••••										
									•••••			
			Pen	62		C	ards	64	•			

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(b) Archie raised a total of £800 from two investors.

These investors were paid 5% per year simple interest on the amount they invested.

Complete the table.

[4]

Investor	Amount invested (£)	Number of years	Total Interest (£)
Fred	500	3	75
Ceri	300	4	60

Turn over.

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13.	This formula can b	e used to find the	time it takes to coo	k a joint of meat.

$$t = 25p + 20$$

where t is the time in minutes, p is the mass of the meat in pounds.

(a) When p = 0, t = 20.

Explain whether the formula is valid when p = 0.

[1]

No, this means no ment, but approverly still needs cooking Jo- 20 mins.

(b) (i) Complete the table below, then draw the graph of t=25p+20 for $1\leqslant p\leqslant 4$ on the graph paper opposite. [3]

p	1	2	3	4
t	45	70	95	120

25(1) + 20 = 45

25(2) +20 = 70

2563) +20 =95

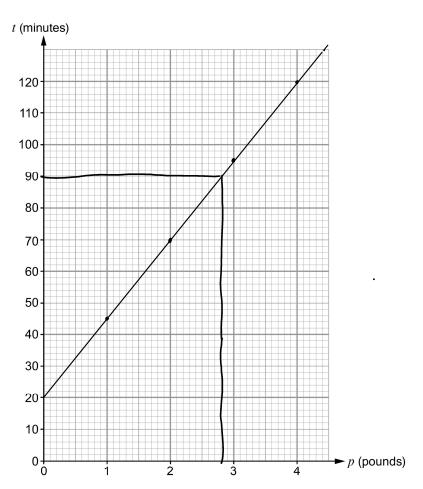
25(4)+20=120

(ii) Find the mass of a joint of meat that takes 1 hour 30 minutes to cook.

[1]

2.8 pouds

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(c) Tasniah wants to cook a joint of meat that has a mass of 2 pounds. She also wants to bake some potatoes.

She knows the potatoes will take $\frac{3}{4}$ of an hour to bake.

When the meat has finished cooking, it must be taken out of the oven and left for 15 minutes before it is ready to be served.

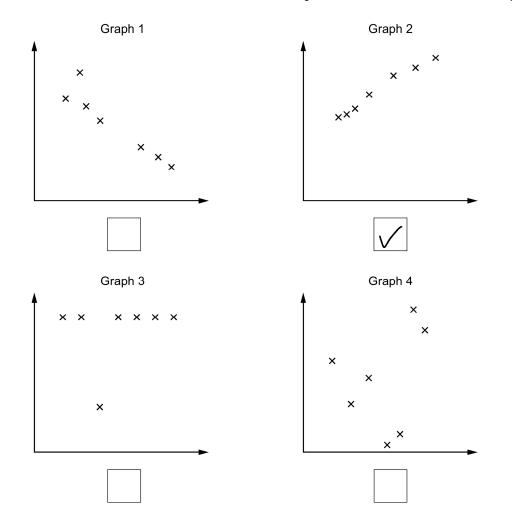
She wants to serve the potatoes at the same time as the meat.

How long after Tasniah puts the meat in the oven should she put the potatoes in the oven to bake? [2]

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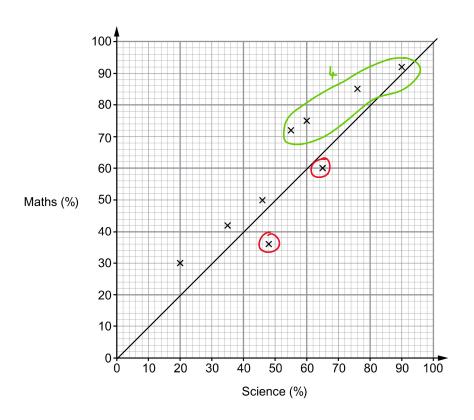
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14. (a) Which scatter diagram would show the relationship between the age and height of a child? Put a tick in the box below the scatter diagram. [1]



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(b) The scatter diagram shows the exam results in maths and science of a class of GCSE students.



(i) Two students had higher marks in science than they did in maths.

Write down the maths and science marks of these two students.	[2]
Student 1 Science mark 48	
Maths mark 36	
Student 2 Science mark 65	
Maths mark 60	

(ii)	One of the students from the class is chosen at random. Find the probability that this student scored more than 70% in maths. $4/4$	[2]
	·	

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	Examine
[1]	only

15.	(a)	Write down	the next	number in	this sec	quence.

1	8	27	64	125
 13	$\delta_{\mathfrak{I}}$	3,	43	53

(b) The nth term of a sequence is 8n - 16.

(i) Write down the first 3 terms of this sequ	ence

[2]

$$-8, 0, 8$$

(ii) The nth term of a different sequence is n^2 .

Sasha says,

'The 4th term of the sequence with *n*th term 8n-16 is the same as the 4th term of the sequence with *n*th term n^2 .'

Is Sasha correct?

No

Justify your answer.

[1]

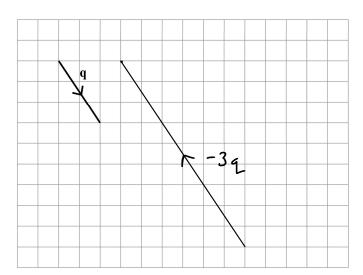
[2]

$$\mathbf{16.} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{p} \ \Box \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \ \text{and} \ \mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a) Work out the column vector $2\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}$.

 $2\binom{5}{4} = \binom{10}{8} - \binom{1}{8} - \binom{9}{1-5} = \binom{9}{9.5}$

(b) The grid shows the vector \mathbf{q} .



On the same grid, draw the vector $-3\mathbf{q}$.

[2]

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	(i)	Here is	s a questi	on from	her sur	vey.				
Wh Tic	nat do k (✓)	you use	e your mo	bile pho	one to do)?				
	()		ext		Call		Take a	a photo		
			one critici: کو ں) 5°	٥^	intere	Ь. Ne
	(ii)	Here i	s a differe	ent ques	tion fron	n her sur	vey.			
Hov Tic	w ofte	en do yo one box	u use you	ır mobile	e phone	?				
							_			
	All th	e time		A lot		Not	much		Neve	r
	All th	State	one criticis	sm of th	is quest	ion.	L		Neve	r
	All th	State		sm of th	is quest	ion.	L		Neve	r
	All th	State		sm of th	is quest	ion.	L		Neve	r
	All th	State		sm of th	is quest	ion.	L		Neve	r
	All th	State		sm of th	is quest	ion.	L		Neve	r
	All th	State		sm of th	is quest	ion.	L		Neve	r
	All th	State		sm of th	is quest	ion.	L		Neve	r

[1]

(b) Tina surveyed 205 students about the cost of their monthly phone bills. The table shows this information.

	Number of students	Lowest bill	Mean bill	Highest bill
Pay-as-you-go	100	£5	£12.75	£70
SIM only	100	£15	£16.25	£18
Monthly contract	5	£28	£40	£60

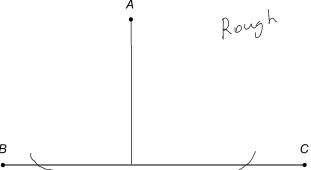
Comment on how reliable the data about Monthly contracts are likely to be.

	Only 5 students so not very reliable
	J
(ii)	Using the data in the table, Tina compares the cost of Pay-as-you-go with the cost of SIM only. Tina says that students who use Pay-as-you-go have both the lowest and highest bills.
	Make further comments to explain why Tina may think SIM only is a better deal, Pay-as-you-go is a better deal.
	Complete each of the following statements.
	SIM only could be a better deal because the bills are less
	varied.
	Pay-as-you-go could be a better deal because the average monthly
	cost is less,

[2]

18. Using a ruler and a pair of compasses, construct the perpendicular from *A* to the line *BC*. You must show your construction arcs.

Δ



X

19. (a) Expand and simplify (x-5)(x+2). [2]

 $3L^{2} - 57C + 21C - 10 = 3C^{2} - 37C - 10$

(b) Simplify $3a^2 \times 6a^{-1}$. [2]

 $= 3 \times 6 a^{2+-1}$ $= 18 a^{1}$

= 18a

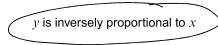
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- **20.** (a) The variables x and y are connected by the equation $y = \frac{25}{x}$.
 - (i) Circle the correct statement.

[1]

x is inversely proportional to 25

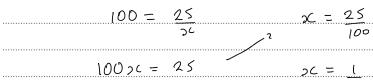
x is directly proportional to y



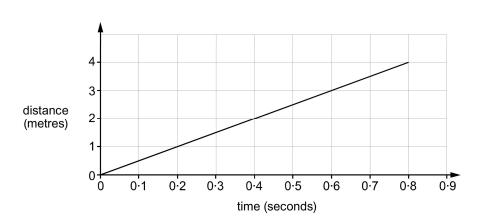
y is directly proportional to x

(ii) Find the value of x when y = 100.

[2]



(b) The distance-time graph shows the start of a journey.



Work out the speed of this part of the journey in metres per second.

[2]

$$S = \frac{d}{t} = \frac{4}{0.8} = 5 \, \text{m/s}$$

=4:0.8

= 5

[3]

21. (a) (i) Simplify $15\pi - \pi$.

[1]

14 TT

Work out $12\pi \div 3\pi$. [1]

The diagram shows a circle inside a square.

The circumference of the circle touches all four sides of the square.

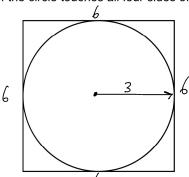


Diagram not drawn to scale

24-: 4-6 The perimeter of the square is 24 cm.

Work out the area of the circle. 6-2-3 Give your answer as a multiple of π .

$$A = T \times r^{2}$$

$$= T \times 3^{2}$$

$$= 9 \pi$$

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22.	(a)	Work

Fork out $\frac{0}{7} - \frac{2}{5}$.

[2]

- 16

(b) Three two-digit integers a, b and c are in the ratios

28

a:b=4:5

and

b: c = 7: 11.

Find the integers a, b and c.

[3]

[2]

x 7

7 : [] 35)×

35 : 55

28 : 35 : 55

a = 28

b = 35

c = 55

(c) A length of string has been cut into two pieces in the ratio 3 : 5. The longer piece measures 205 cm.

What was the original length of the string?

 $\frac{041}{51205}$

orte: longe

3 : 5 7×41

× 3

12 3

original = 123

.....

205 + 328

328 cm

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23.	(a)	In a warehouse.	4 workers can	load 5 tonnes	of goods into a	ı vehicle in 3 hours

		ers to load 10 ton ers work at the sa		to a vehicle? [3]
	Worke	Tonnes	Hows	
	<u> </u>	5	3	
÷4	, ,	5/4=1.25	3	1.25×6
46	76	7.5	<u>3</u>)÷3	= 7.5
	6	2.5	√ ÷3	
	Ç	lo J×4	4	
		4 h	ws	
		ou have made in y rt (a) change if this		

The worker all have the same still, so can

load the same weight at the same speed

END OF PAPER

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